



Deferred Maintenance

“The Cost of Doing Nothing”

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Comprehensive Asset Management



Shared risk in design/execution/maintenance/service

CAPEX projects with return

Procurement vehicles

Rebates, tax, grants, Financing

Design build HVAC

Listening

Problem solving

Procurement vehicles

Rebates, tax, grants

Turnkey

Perform Maintenance and Service Repair

Day 2 service contracts

M&V

Pre / post T&B

Providing Pragmatic Solutions to Customer Problems

Building Automation Systems

Customer education

One point of accountability

Accelerated procurement (CO-OP Purchasing)

Nimble solutions

Focus spending

Asset management

Value engineering

Energy savings and measurement

IAQ

Data analytics

Sustainability

Continuous commissioning

Professional Engineering

“Biggest bang for your buck”

Financial Justification



Objectives

Review “Third party” Relationship between Deferred Maintenance and Energy Consumption in a standard educational building

Ideas of how/where to start A Deferred Maintenance Recovery Plan

Visual and Monetize the Impacts of Deferred Maintenance

Interactive Survey



slido

**Join at [slido.com](https://www.slido.com)
#3040736**



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Rank who is the Greatest NFL QB (best to worst)

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The greatest rock band of all time?

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What is the Greatest Invention Listed, Pick One?

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What is Deferred Maintenance

30%

of energy in buildings is wasted with inefficiency



>40%

of workers are dissatisfied with comfort in their space



>80%

of equipment fail for non-age related reasons, i.e. before their time



Impact Can be Hidden or Delayed



Consumes More Electricity/Water/Gas

Expensive Unplanned Repairs/Replacements

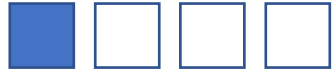
Comfort/Safety in the Space



3 Quick Deferred Maintenance Considerations



\$1 deferred maintenance costs



\$4 of future capital renewal needs
(American School and University Magazine)

U.S. Department of Energy analysis calculates the jump in utility bills from your building's deferred maintenance costs to be \$1.16 per square foot

New schools' initial cost of construction accounts for only 10 percent of the facility's lifetime cost. The remaining 90 percent must be funded so the building can serve students and educators as intended.

Life Cycle Cost of an HVAC Chiller

Air-Cooled Chillers

The Life-Cycle Story



Item	Contractor Sell \$	15-Year Op-Cost \$	Total LCC \$	Best Lifetime Cost of Ownership
Today's Air-Cooled Chiller	\$227,487	\$1,772,316	\$1,999,803	BASE
CS WC Centrifugal Chiller	\$266,542	\$2,412,102	\$2,678,644	+\$678,841
VFD WC Centrifugal Chiller	\$292,320	\$2,200,528	\$2,492,848	+\$493,045
"Hybrid" VFD WC Chiller	\$336,547	\$1,748,226	\$2,084,773	+\$84,970

First Cost + Energy Cost



What is the average age (in years) of the schools you support?

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2021 Virginia State Inventory Report

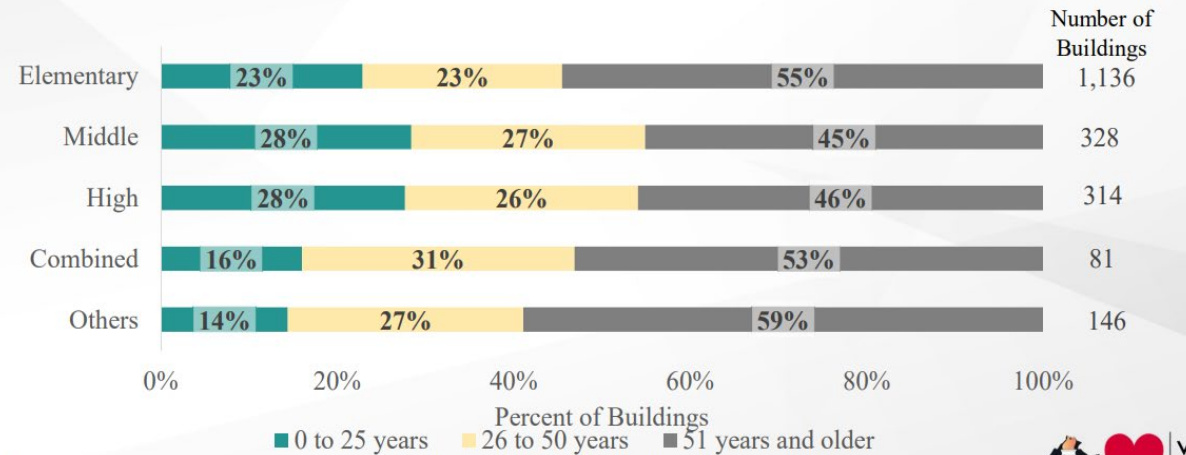


Project Type	Number of Schools with Project Type	Total Costs
New Schools	81	\$3,834,076,026
Renovations	566	\$3,318,205,135
HVAC Repair/Replacement	463	\$623,451,926
School Additions	48	\$514,763,904
Roof Repair/Replacement	344	\$467,944,657
Other Items*	171	\$376,585,276
Technology Upgrades	132	\$172,340,570
Electrical & Plumbing	226	\$169,013,619
Sports & Playgrounds	287	\$161,815,993
Grounds & Parking Lots	353	\$127,645,348
Safety Upgrades & Lighting	191	\$50,664,811

*Other most often included transportation-related costs

School Building Age by Type

- More than half of all school buildings are greater than 50 years old



Data Source: VDOE School/Building Inventory, 2021



In 2002 65% of VA schools construction renovations were result of Deferred Maintenance

52% of VA schools are over the age of 50 years

\$623 Million planned for HVAC Repair Renovations over the next 10 years

ASHRAE Life Expectancy of Most HVAC Equipment Averages 15-20 years



What are some of the challenges you have in Facilities?

Current State of Facility Operations



Hard to find/hire skilled techs?

No redundancy?

Ventilation?

“Many buildings, what is the worst”

Explaining this project to management?

No Asset Management Tool?

Aging Equipment?

Deferred Maintenance?

Energy Spend?

Indoor Air Quality (Humidity concerns, M-word)?

No AC?

Limited budget?

Outdated BAS?





Rank Facilities Management issues from (Most Important to Least)

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“What if You Do Nothing”

CASE STUDY SUSTAINABLE ENERGY CONFERENCE



Case Study



BUILDING DESCRIPTION

SAS Hall 5-story

N.C. State University 115,000 SF

New building Atrium

Constructed 2009

HVAC

Two air handling units per floor

VAV terminals with hot water reheat

Campus chilled water & hot water

Roger Woods PE, Bill Smith PE



Building Energy Consumption

BUILDING PERFORMANCE Total Energy Annual
Cost = \$ 164,200 or \$1.42 Sq ft

BUILDING PERFORMANCE Total Energy HVAC
54% Lighting 20% Equipment 26%

HVAC Energy

Annual Cost = \$88,467

BUILDING PERFORMANCE

HVAC Energy

Chiller / Cooling Tower 45%

Boiler 13%

Pumps 30%

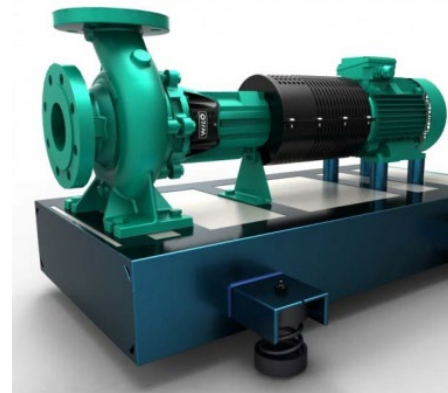
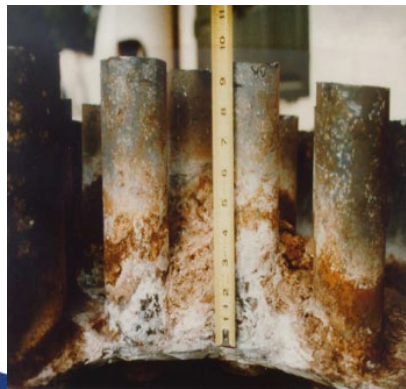
Fans 12%



Factor Affecting Energy Performance

Maintenance Items

1. Lighting Controls
2. Filters
3. Fans
4. Pumps
5. Cooling Tower
6. Chillers
7. Boilers
8. Thermostats
9. Humidity Control
10. Night Setback
11. Outside Air Ventilation
12. Economizer Cycle
13. Schedule of Operations





Which ignored Maintenance item on the checklist do you think will impact energy the most?

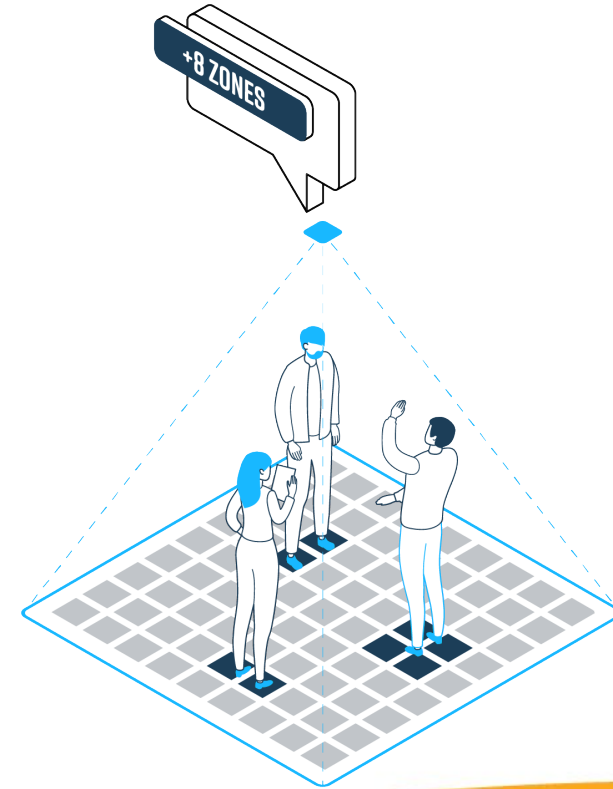
Check Points



Occupancy Sensor Light Control HVAC IMPACT
30% overage on light usage due to sensor failure



Energy Difference
+8.4%



FANS and FILTERS

HVAC Equipment

Dirty filters in AHU's (add 1" static pressure)

Energy Difference

+4.1%

HVAC Equipment

Variable speed fan runs constant volume

Energy Difference

+8.4%



Chiller / Boiler System

Chiller Not Optimized

Fouled tubes

Poor refrigerant charge

Plant Optimization not considered

Energy Difference

+2.2%

+3.7%

+4 – 8%

HVAC Equipment

Variable flow pumping runs full speed

Energy Difference

+10.6%

HVAC Equipment

Fouled cooling tower

(4 degree rise in condenser water temp)

Energy Difference

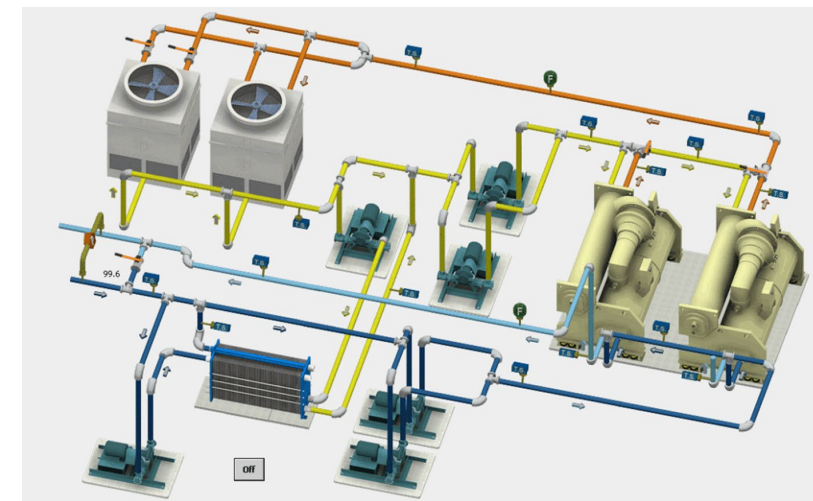
+1.3%

Problem

93% efficient boiler acting like a 80% boiler

Energy Difference

+4.0%



What is this?



CHECK POINTS

Secondary Pump or Tower Fan

$(50 \text{ hp})(.746) \text{ kW/hp}(4200 \text{ hr})(.082 \text{ \$/kWh}) / .92$

me

= \$14,048

Assume 20% reduction on flow

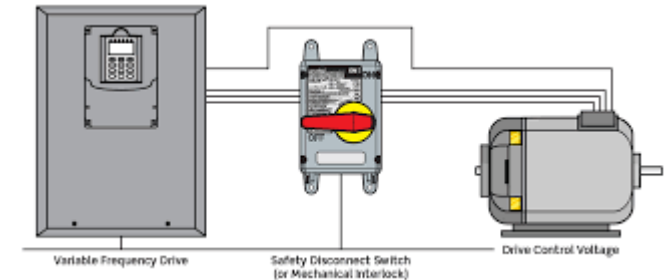
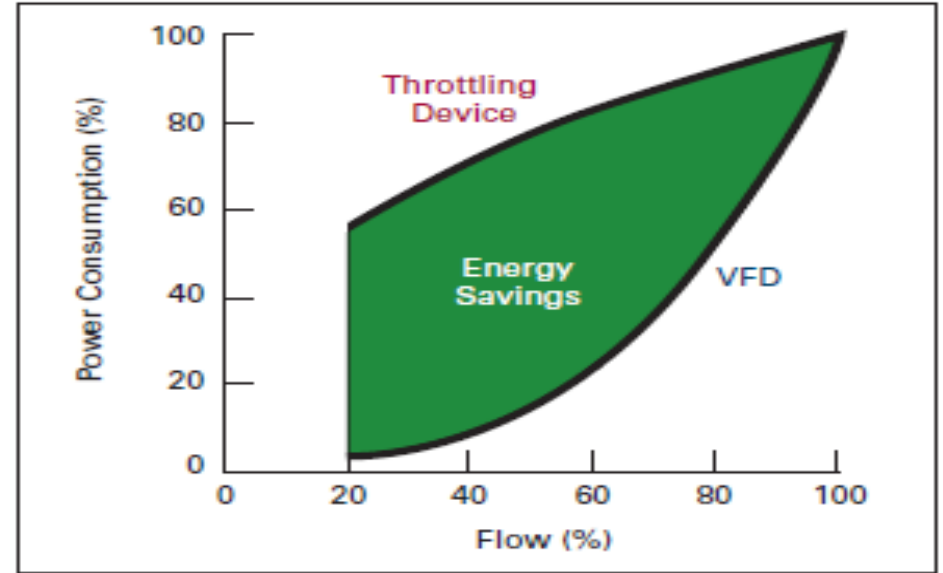
Current 1000 gpm with 3.5F Delta

20% flow = 51.2% of bhp $.8 * .8 * .8 = .512$

$(25.6)(.746)(4200)(.082) / .92 = 7,149$

Current 800 gpm with 5F Delta

$\$14,048 - \$7,149 = \$6,899$



Automation Related



Night Setback Temperatures

85 F cooling / 60 F heating (system operational)

Cooling Setpoint

75 F (base case)

72 F

78 F

OA Quantity

50% change from scheduled OA amount

Economizer Cycle

Not operational

Control Setpoint

No control

60% RH

50% RH

45% RH

40% RH

Energy Difference

+ 6.4%

Energy Difference

0

+ 3.0%

- 2.9%

Energy Difference

+8.2%

Energy Difference

+1.4%

Energy Difference

0

+ 0.6%

+ 2.3%

+ 6.6%

+17.9%

Check Point Summary



Base Case Energy

Energy \$ 164,000

DOE \$1.16 per SQ

Major Repairs

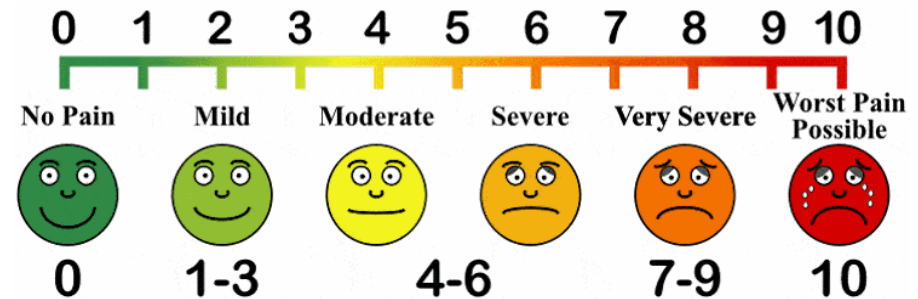


Worse Case

\$ 297,852 81.4 % increase

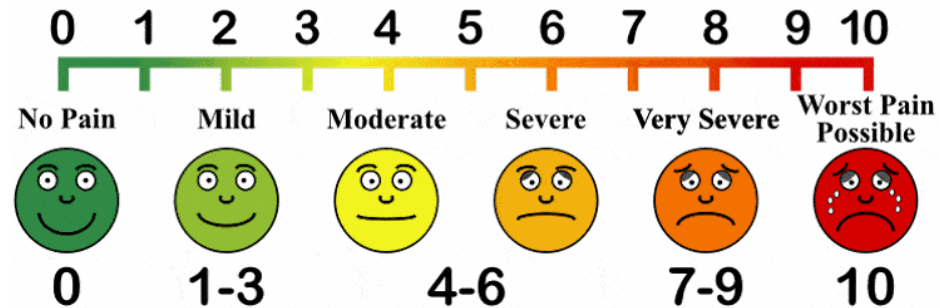
\$133,000 (Ventilation / Chillers / Pumps and Fans)

Premature Equipment failure impact far greater than any energy impact (5X)



- —
- —
- —

On a Scale of 1 to 10 (10 being the most pain) what is your Deferred Maintenance level?

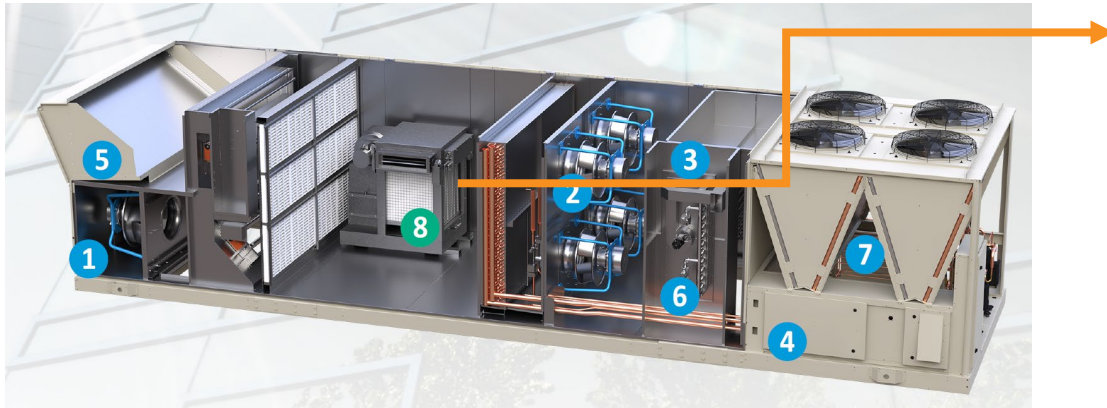


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Ventilation EnVerid



- **Daikin Rebel Applied** is the industry's first packaged total-air-quality system that combines the benefits of sorbent media with a class-leading, configurable rooftop unit.
- When using ASHRAE 62.1's IAQP, SVT provides the clean air changes needed for healthy indoor spaces, allowing building operators to decrease the volume of outdoor air needed and total cooling load of their facilities.



8 SORBENT VENTILATION TECHNOLOGY (SVT)

SVT is tested in accordance with ASHRAE 145.2 to remove CO₂, VOCs and other contaminants using sorbent filtration. When applied using ASHRAE 62.1's IAQ Procedure (IAQP), SVT provides cleaner air and reduces operating expenses by up to 30%.

Better Air: Promote better IAQ by removing building and occupancy related contaminants.

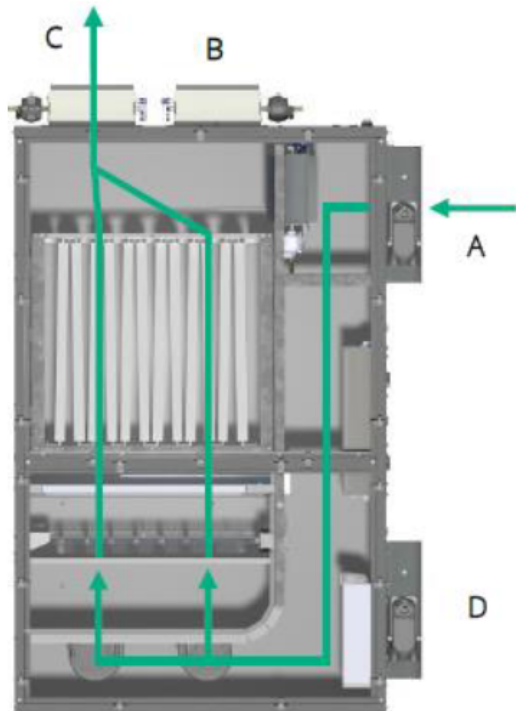
Retrofit Flexibility: Increase occupancy of served spaces without requiring increases in building infrastructure.

Energy Cost: Reduce outdoor air by up to 80%, and save up to 30% in annual operating expenses.

Sustainability: By reducing unit energy consumption by up to 30%, SVT offers a sustainable decarbonization solution that reduces indirect carbon emissions while enhancing building air quality.



Product Offerings: HLR 200M



850 - 950 CFM

Each HLR module typically addresses
15,000 – 25,000 ft² of occupied space

A	Adsorption Mode Air Inlet	Air entering this inlet is the air that is being cleaned. Inlet damper is in <u>open</u> position (controlled locally)
B	Exhaust Outlet	Outlet damper is in <u>closed</u> position (controlled locally)
C	Clean Air Outlet	Outlet damper is in <u>open</u> position (controlled locally)
D	Regeneration Mode Air Inlet	Inlet damper is in <u>closed</u> position (controlled locally)

- Captures:
 - Carbon Dioxide
 - VOCs
 - Formaldehyde
 - Ozone
- Zero by-products

Thoroughgood Elementary School (VA)





PROJECT GOALS

- LEED Gold certification
- Improved indoor air quality
- Peak cooling and heating load reduction

enVerid Project Details	
Location	Virginia Beach, VA
Owner	Virginia Beach City Public Schools
Contractor	Conrad Brothers
MEP	exp.
Year Installed	2020
Project Type	New Construction
Floor Area	91,913 ft ²
HLR Modules	6 Rooftop & 1 Indoor
LEED/WELL	LEED Gold

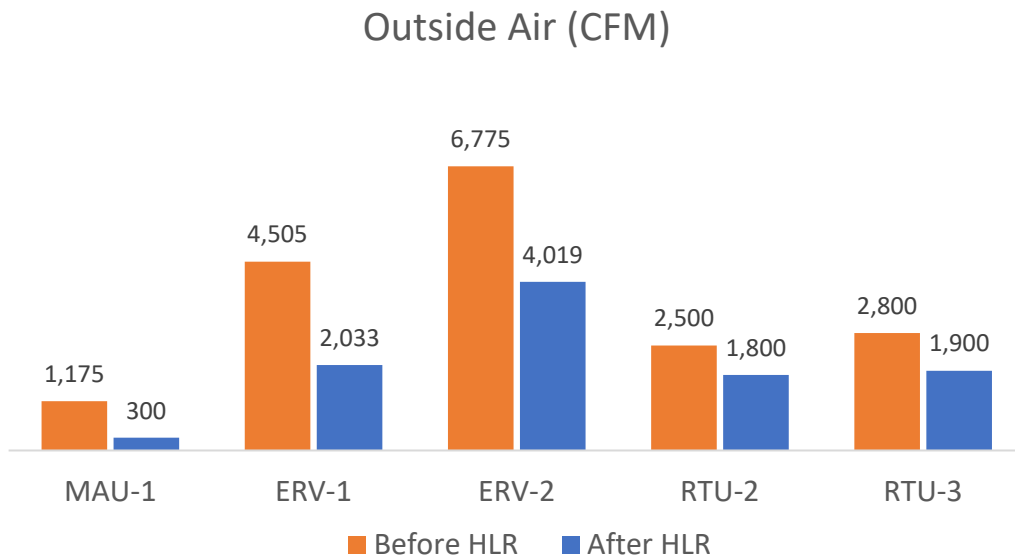
Partners

Case Study Thoroughgood – Outside Air & Indoor Air Quality

The HLR design reduced outside air requirements by 43% from 17,755 CFM to 10,052 CFM

Indoor air contaminant levels were measured in 6 locations and remained well below LEED limits



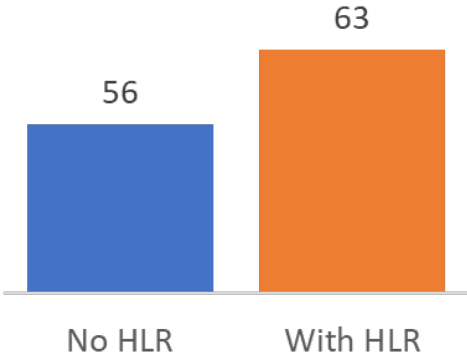
Contaminant	Concentration Limit (ug/m3)	Measured Average Concentration (ug/m3)
Formaldehyde	20	16
Total Volatile Organic Compounds (TVOC)	500	375
Carbon Dioxide	800 ppm (VRP equivalent)	569 ppm
PM2.5	12 ug/m3	1.19

The project demonstrated that HLR modules can be used to provide superior indoor air quality with much less outside air.

Case Study Thoroughgood – Project Outcomes



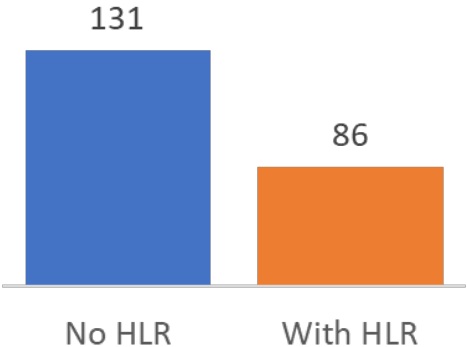
LEED Points



From LEED Silver to LEED Gold rating



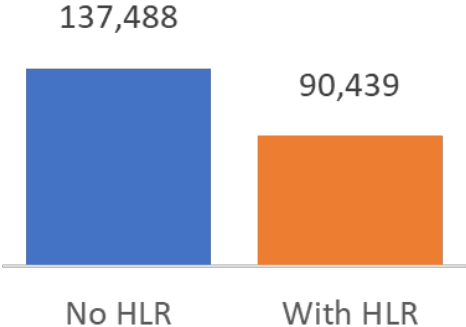
Peak Cooling Load (tons)



\$60k first cost savings on new HVAC system



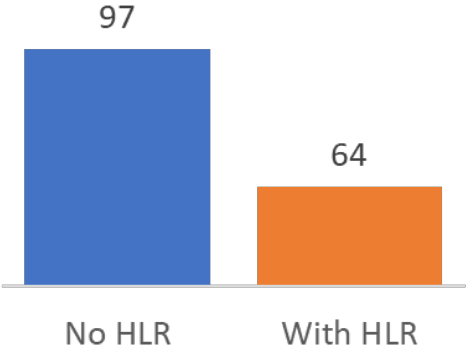
Ventilation Energy (kWh/yr)



\$100k utility bill lifetime savings



Metric Tons CO₂/yr



Reduced 42 metric tons CO₂ annually

These outcomes were achieved while maintaining indoor air quality well below LEED limits



Deferred Maintenance Management

START A TEAM THAT FOCUSES AND MEETS REGULARLY TO DISCUSS

Include Facility Management, Construction Group, Finance, Master Plan
Agree on % of Budget for PM and protect it

START AN ASSET MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

AGE of School / Useful Life of Building / Renovation vs New Construction
AGE of Major Equipment / Useful ASHRAE LIFE / ROOF / SWITCHGEAR
Third Party Groups can perform this service
Energy Index / Find the Hogs

EVALUATE CURRENT MAINTENANCE PHASE

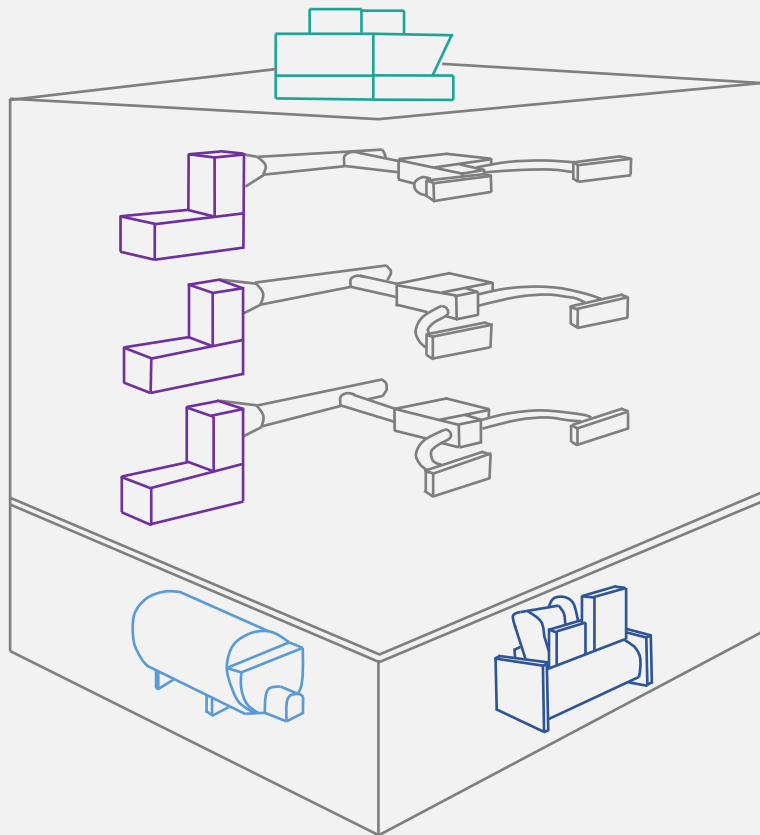
No Maintenance

Reactive Maintenance

Proactive Maintenance

Conditional Maintenance

What does it take to maintain a typical building?

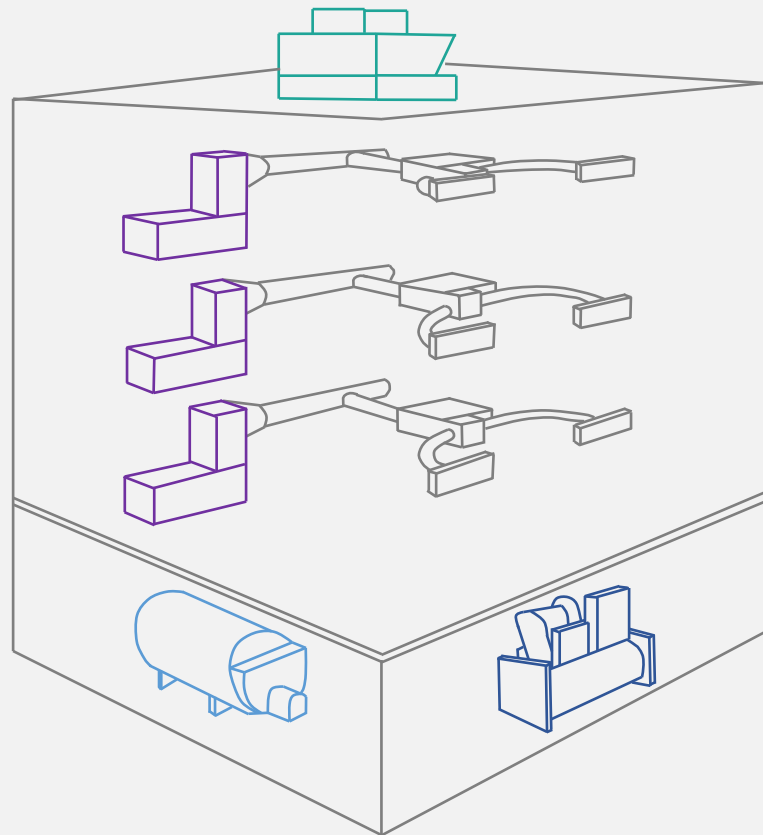


955

PM checklists
per YEAR

	Equip. Count	Daily	Monthly	Quarterly	Semi-annually	Annually	Total PMs per Year
Cooling Towers	3		✓	✓	✓	✓	57
Chillers	3		✓	✓	✓	✓	57
Boilers	3		✓	✓	✓	✓	57
Air Handlers	12			✓	✓	✓	84
VAV Boxes	100			✓	✓	✓	700

What does it take to maintain a typical building with FDD Software?



955

PM checklists per YEAR

vs.



>4,000

automated checks every DAY

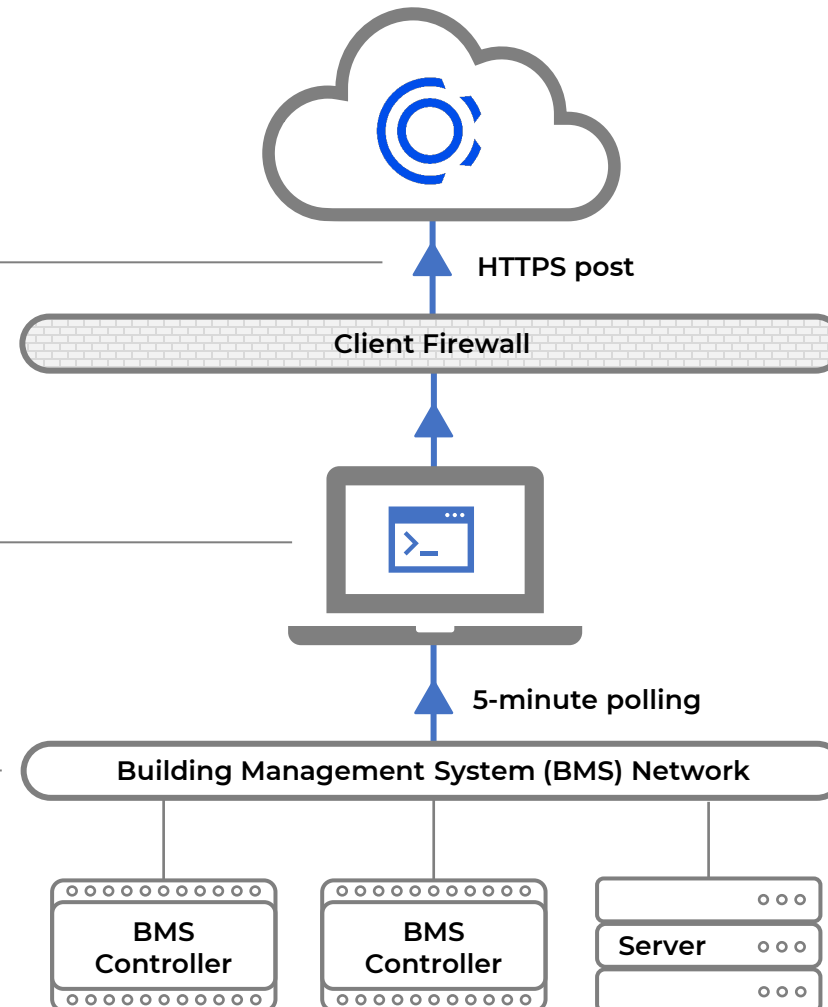
	Equip. Count	Daily	Monthly	Quarterly	Semi-annually	Annually	Total PMs per Year	Automated Checks EVERY DAY
Cooling Towers	3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	57	20
Chillers	3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	57	90
Boilers	3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	57	45
Air Handlers	12	✓		✓	✓	✓	84	900
VAV Boxes	100	✓		✓	✓	✓	700	3,000

CONNECT

HTTPS outbound only
data push to cloud

Software Gateway installed
on existing BMS workstation,
server, or virtual machine

Reads BMS data from IP devices
or server via supported protocols

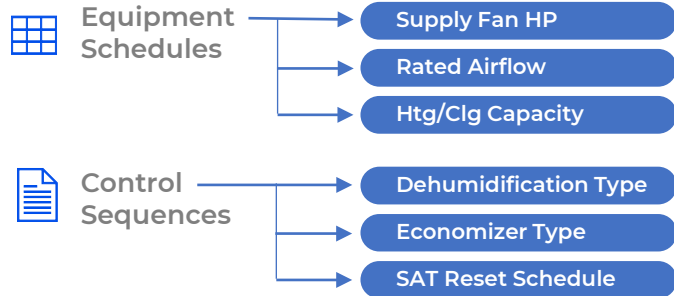


MODEL

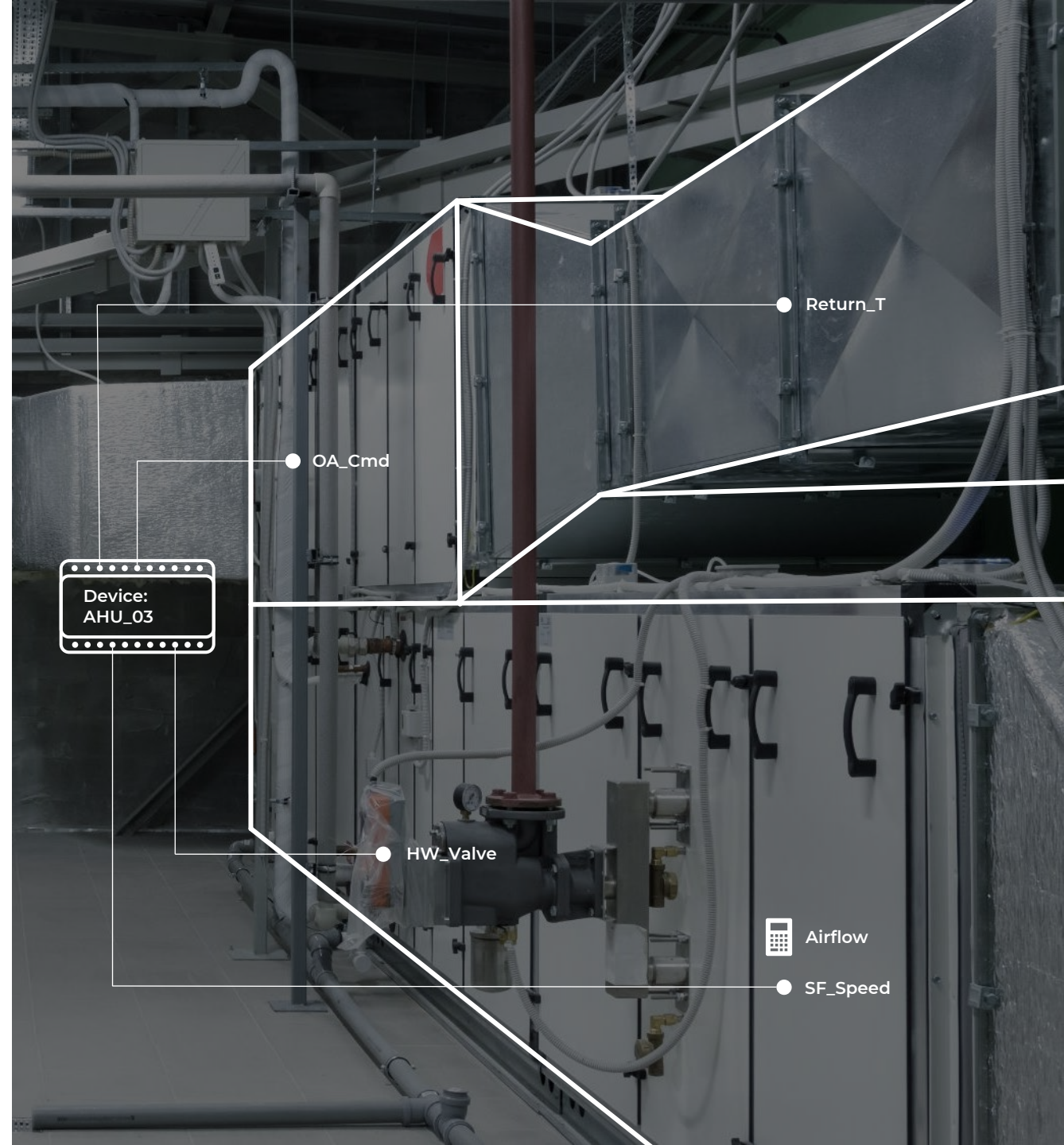
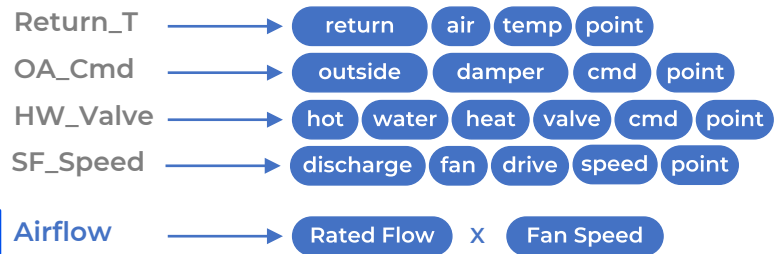
- Equipment Classification

AHU_03 → Air Handling Unit w/ Economizer

- Equipment Variables



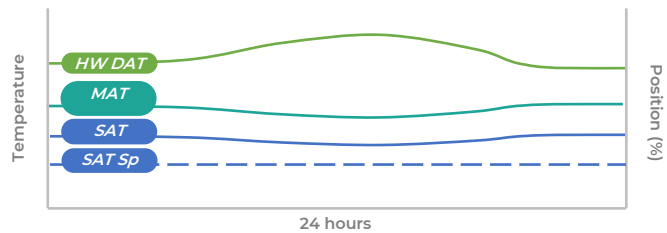
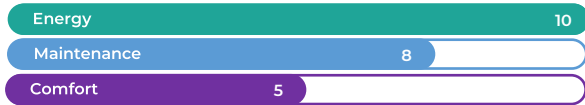
- Point Types



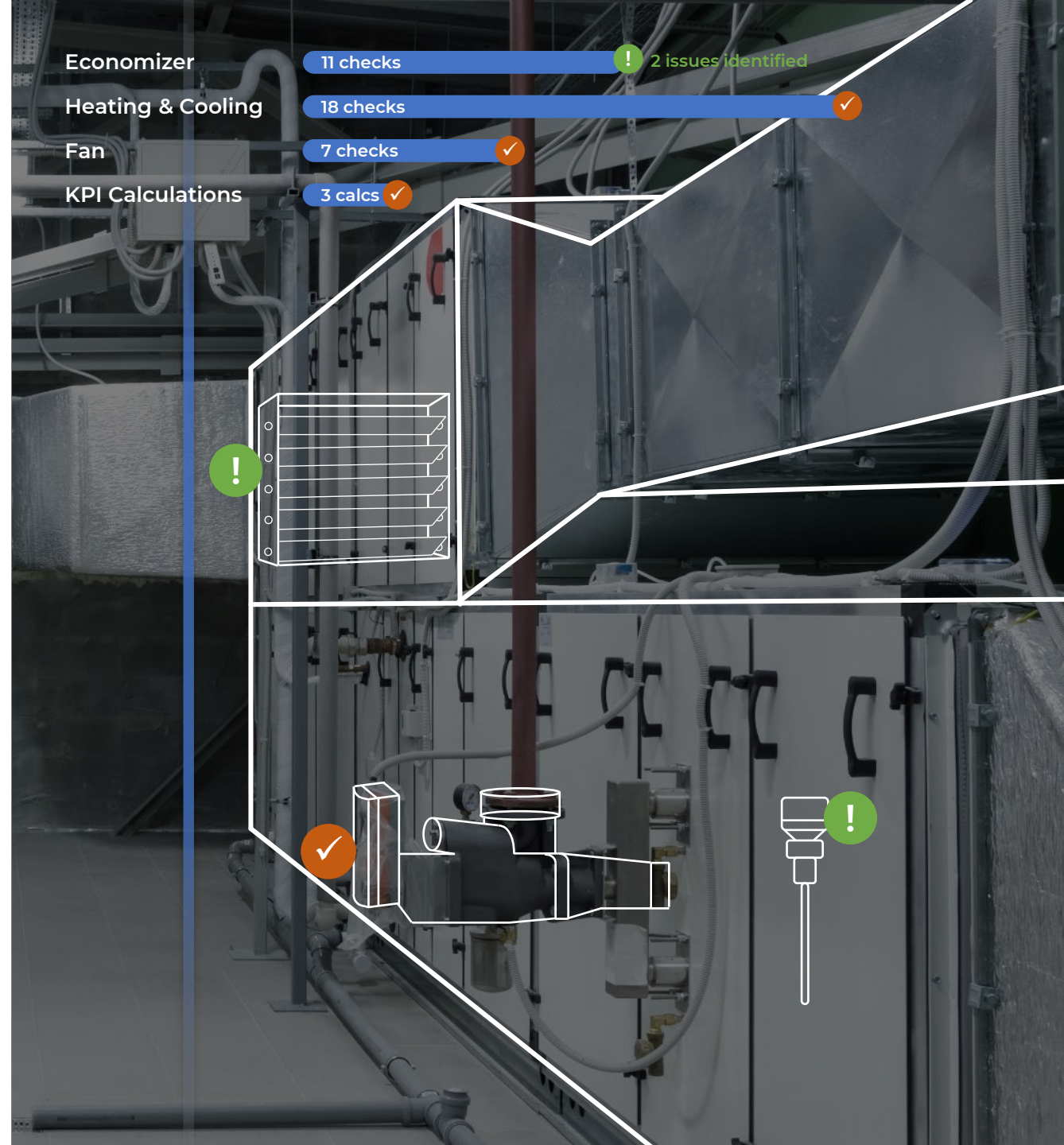
DIAGNOSE

AHU Diagnostic Report

Problems	Economizer Damper Above Minimum
Root Cause	Stuck Damper
Avoidable Cost	\$350 per day



Create Task 



Using FDD during: Operations

Key Performance Indicators

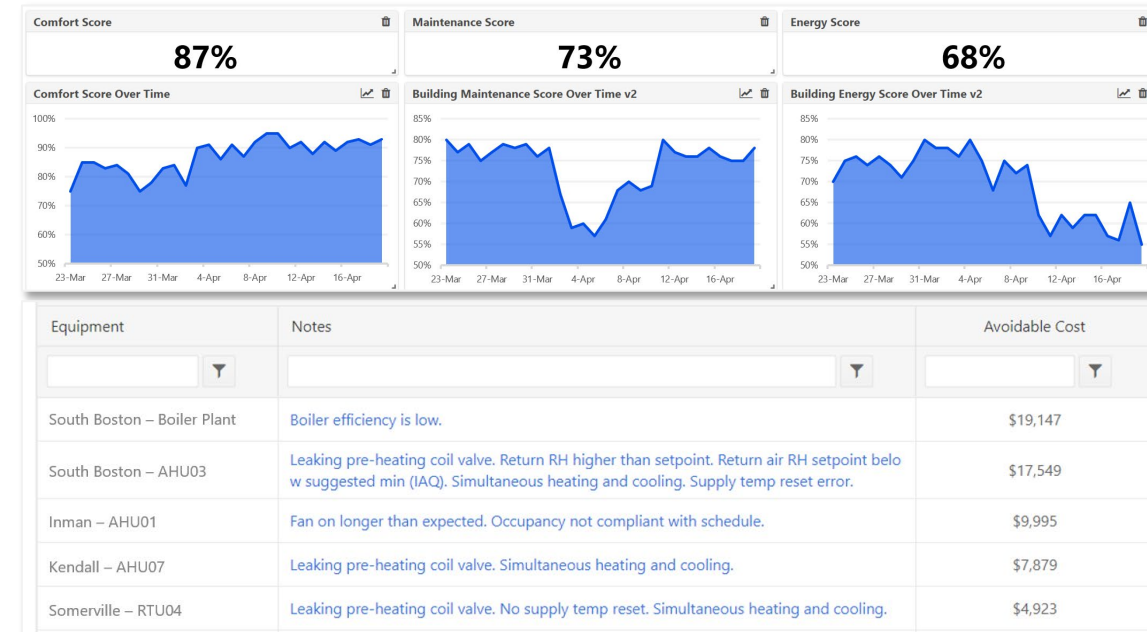
“Top-Down” view of building, system, and equipment performance, normalized for weather and operating conditions

Diagnostic Reports

“Bottom up” view of system and equipment performance, with precise detail on identified issues and root cause

Tasks

Tasks and work orders used to manage activities across a Facilities Maintenance Team



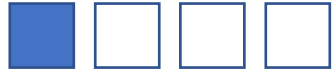
Edit Task

Building Name: Inman
Equipment Name: AHU-3
Analysis Name: AHU Coils
Issue Date: 9/1/19
Interval: Monthly
Reporter: nam@bademo.com
(Former user: nam@bademo.com)
Assignee: No Assignee
(Former user: No Assignee)
***Status:** In Process

Summary



\$1 deferred maintenance costs



\$4 of future capital renewal needs
(American School and University Magazine)

DOE \$1.16 per square foot

Deferred Maintenance on Ventilation and OA could potentially have the largest energy impact

